

Previous Years' Design Case Studies

or

“The definition of madness is doing the same thing over
and over again and expecting a different result”

Pauline Pounds

12 March 2019

University of Queensland

But first...

A valuable message about safety...

Secondly...

Some house keeping

Problem Analysis

- The METR4810 marking elves (ie. the tutors) worked solidly through the night to get you results for today
 - You're welcome

A few comments...

(Honestly, these comments are the same,
year after year after year...)

Problem Analysis

- When you are writing, think about:
 - Who is the audience?
 - What does the audience know?
 - What do you need to tell them?
 - What *don't* you need to tell them?
- Time spent on talking about obvious things is time taken from talking about things that show you understand the task

Problem Analysis

General writing skills comments

- Pointless introductions that go on and on...
 - You have two pages – use them wisely
 - Don't spend time on ~fancy~ writing
- Lots of misdirected citation
 - References must bring new, useful information
 - Why not *cite* the design spec doc, rather than regurgitating the numbers that are in it?

Problem Analysis

- Probably don't need a title page, executive summary or table of contents for a two-page report... just say'n
 - Some crazy people submitted 6+ pages
- Appendix abuse was rife
 - Appendices are for pictures, plots, tables, *not text*
 - Don't worry, if they were just more text we didn't read them

Problem Analysis

Problem Analysis common threads:

- Lots of simply restating the problem spec
 - Don't regurgitate – tell me something new!
 - What are the implications of the spec?
- What about tacit constraints/requirements?
 - Not everything is in the spec.
- Limited translation of spec into challenges
 - Little pre-chewing of the problem

Problem Analysis

Design Analysis common threads:

- Present your analysis before your solution
 - Don't put the cart before the horse!
- Can't fit all the words on the page?
 - Maybe you need fewer words?
 - The answer is never 9 point font and tiny, tiny margins – this is very obviously not acceptable and didn't fly

Problem Analysis

- Oh yeah... and it's not “research” unless you have citations
 - \$DEITY help you if you claim to have done research and don't put in useful, meaningful citations that inform your design decisions.
 - *You've been warned.*

Some useful tips

Meditations on self-review

How to identify good work

- All the necessary parts are present
 - Constraints, requirements, deconstruction, etc.
- Supported thinking – aka justified reasoning
 - “*Because X, thus Y.*”
- Logical flow; links in a chain
 - “X, therefore Y. Y, therefore Z. Z, therefore win.”

How to identify good work

- High level structure
 - You are given enough information to understand each section before you get there
- Intuitive coherence
 - “*Wow, I totally get it!*” – probably good work
 - “*I just don’t understand this!*” – probably not
- Analysis
 - “Given a 15kJ battery, using equation 4 we predict a total operating time of 270 seconds.”

How to identify bad work

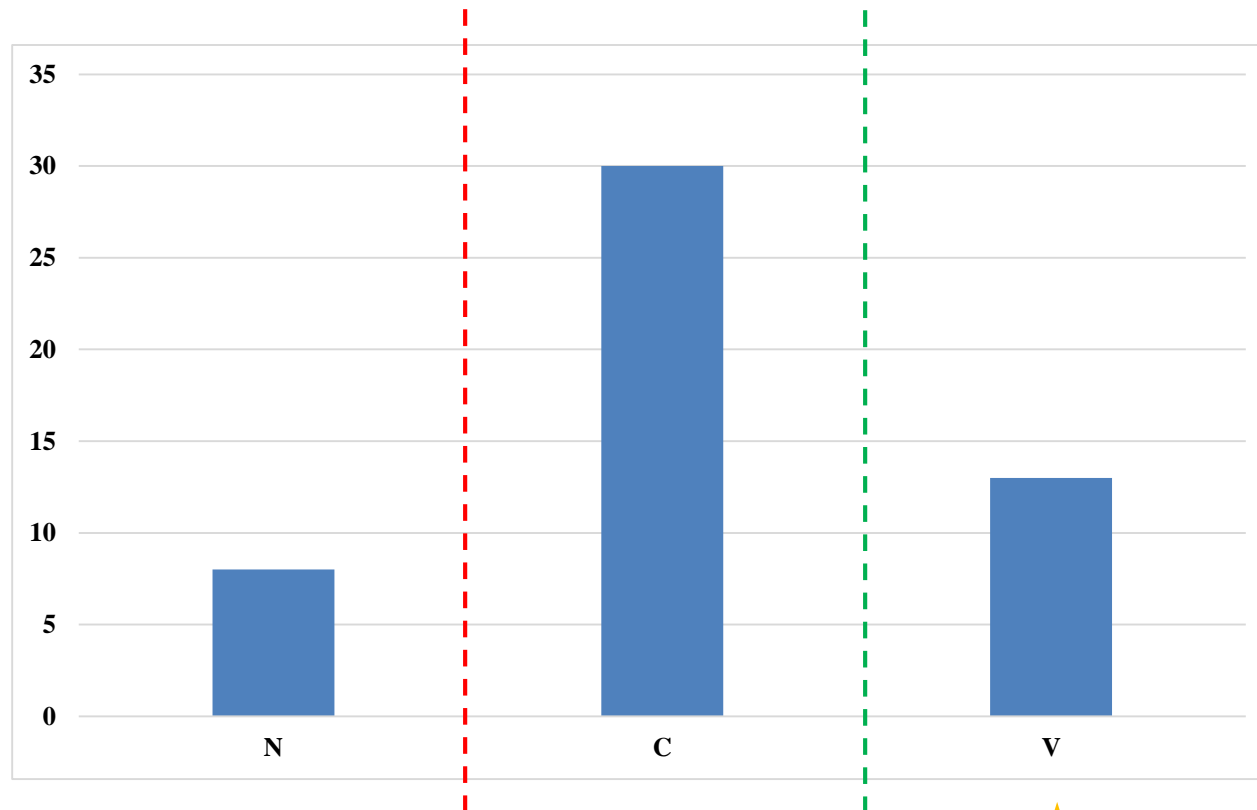
- Key parts are missing
 - Cursory, curt, and often rudely short, eg. 3 paragraphs in a two page assignment
- Lack of due care
 - Spelling, grammar, formatting errors; laziness
- Misdirected register
 - “We’re gonna do engineer haha lol”

How to identify bad work

- Unsupported statements
 - “Geared motors are the best solution.” *Why?*
 - “Research found that AVRs are effective.” *What?*
- Logical incoherence
 - “Lipo batteries are the most efficient.” *Snuh?*
- Obvious hogwash
 - “The whole system will weigh 50 g and be completed in 3 weeks.”

Problem Analysis Results

Results available via Blackboard after lecture



Calendar at a glance

Week	Dates	Lecture	Reviews	Demos	Assessment submissions
1	25/2 – 1/3	Introduction			
2	4/3 – 8/3	Principles of Mechatronic Systems design			Problem analysis
3	11/3 – 15/3	Previous years deconstruction case studies			
4	18/3 – 22/3	Professional Engineering Topics	Progress review 1		
5	25/3 – 29/3	PCB design tips			
6	1/4 – 5/4	Your soldering is (probably) terrible			
7	8/4 – 12/4	Introduction to firmware design	Progress seminar	25% demo	
8	15/4 – 19/4	<i>Q and A sessions</i>			
Break	22/4 – 26/4				
9	29/4 – 3/5	<i>Q and A sessions</i>		50% demo	
10	6/5 – 10/5	No lecture	Progress review		
11	13/5 – 17/5	<i>Q and A sessions</i>		75% demo	Preliminary report
12	20/5 – 24/5	<i>Monday lecture!!</i>			
13	27/5 – 31/5	Closing lecture		Final testing	Final report and reflection

You are here →

Progress reviews

- Progress reviews are next week!
 - 15 minute slot per group
 - Each group member presents in turn
 - Should only take 3-4 mins each
- Sign up for session slots via Doodle poll
 - Link to poll will be sent out via Blackboard announcement after the lecture (closes Friday)

Progress reviews

- How to sign up:
 - Have **one and only one** member of your team nominate a time for your team on the poll
 - When they sign up, they must include their **full name and team number**. If they don't put both, the slot will be cleared.
- If you absolutely can't get a slot that works for all of your group, email me ASAP
 - *But this should never happen*

Progress reviews

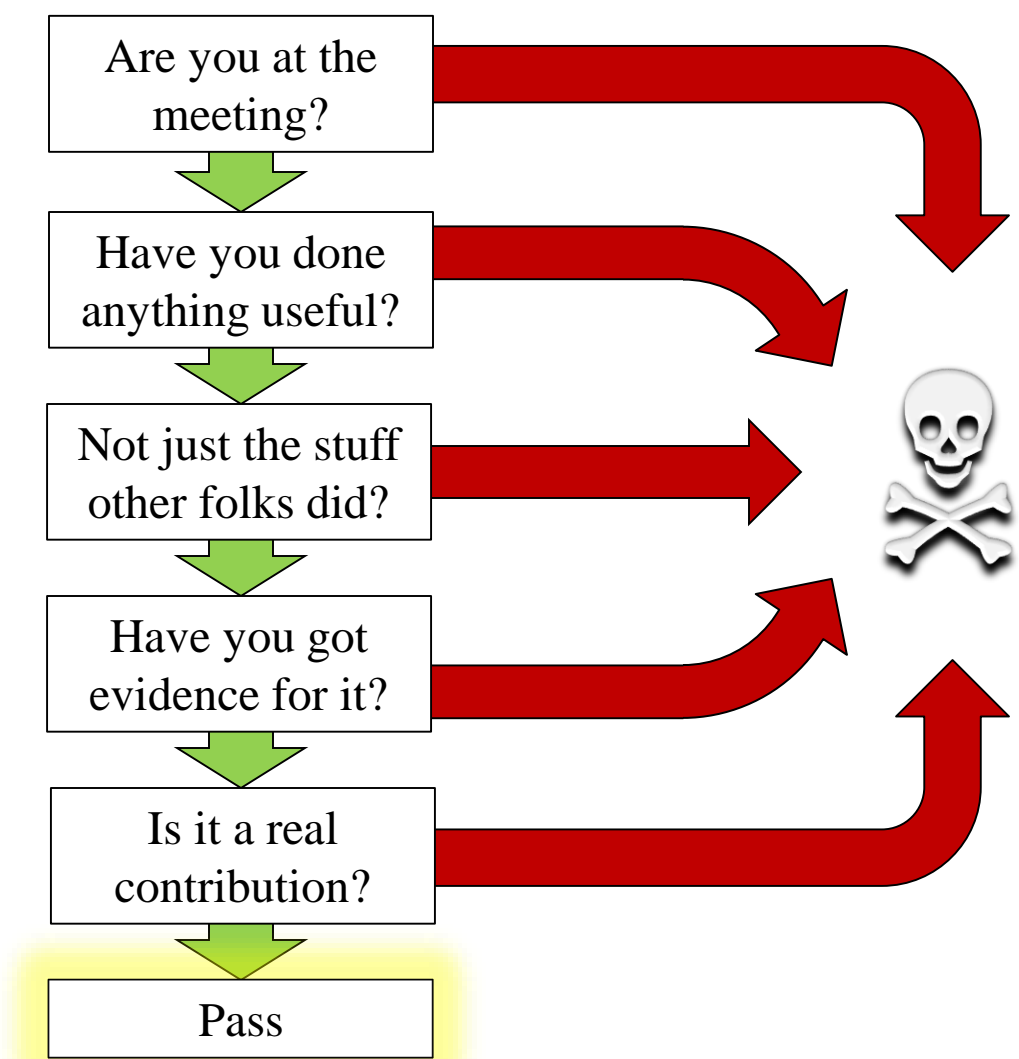
What is expected for the progress review?

- Need to show that you've made a decent start to the project: **tangible evidence**
 - Desired: rigorous analysis, detailed simulations working compiled code, breadboarded electronics, mockups of mechanical design
 - Inadmissible: scrawled pictures, isolated printouts of code, lousy rushed CAD or circuit diagrams, datasheets of that one part you found

Progress reviews

- Don't panic: we are reasonable
 - The progress review is entirely to motivate you to get started early, and check your progress
- We can tell very easily if you've actually made an effort – if you have, you'll be fine!

Progress Review flow chart



And also...

- You will be doing PAFs for each of your team members
- The PAF will contribute towards the final scaling of your final product score
 - This really counts!

And also also...

- You must submit (as a team) a signed (by every member of your team) document stating what the roles of each person (in the team) are
- We will refer back to this document in subsequent reviews
- It's not an immutable contract, but it is expected to be broadly adhered to

FAQ Roundup

- **When can we get STL files?**
 - Right now! On Blackboard!
- **Do we have to use Altium? Can we use KiCAD/Eagle/etc?**
 - Use whatever you like – I’m not the boss of you. I use Eagle at home, and don’t really like Altium, but I can help you out whatever you use.
- **No seriously, do we have to go to all the lectures/contacts/pracs?**
 - Only if you really want to – the pracs are there for the tutors to help you, and the contact sessions are times for your team to meet. Use those times to best effect, per your judgement. I really do recommend coming to the lectures and pracs, though!

Spec update

- The spec has been updated now to v0.2, on Blackboard and the splashy webpage
- Minor changes and tweaks, mostly
 - Wired power now ok
 - Slightly longer tool bits
 - Makes both our jobs easier
- Also, mo' money! \$400 per team. 😊

Back to the deconstruction...

Design Case Studies?

Lolwut?

The process

1. Identify the requirements (design brief)
2. Create specification
3. Deconstruct the problem
 - Functional decomposition
 - Causal dependency tree
 - Parameter space, performance space, metric
4. Synthesize a solution

Let's do it!

To the visualiser, Batman!

Two examples

- 2016 “Mineshaft” borehole rescue robots
- 2018 “Hunt for Sir Nils Olav” sunken submarine recovery robots

Questions?

?

Tune-in next time for...

Professional Engineering Topics

or

“Stuff they should have taught you at university, but didn’t”

Fun fact: Just the design specification for the Lockheed Martin F-35 strike fighter was over 600 pages long.